

I. Andrew Johnson becomes president because Abraham Lincoln is assassinated.

II. Johnson puts his Reconstruction Plan into effect. (See Plan Sheet)

III. Radical Republicans are upset because of the **problems with Johnson's Plan**. Former Confederate leaders are back in power, Black Codes are passed in the South, and secret groups like the KKK are formed to terrorize African Americans.

IV. First thing that the Radical Republicans did to help African Americans and go against Andrew Johnson was to pass the **Civil Rights Act of 1866**: Gave African Americans the **same legal rights** as whites. Johnson vetoed it, but the Republicans passed it anyway.

V. The next thing that the **Radical Republicans** did to help African Americans was to **pass the 14th Amendment**. (See book) After the Radical Republicans passed the 14th Amendment (Johnson was against it), the Radical Republicans passed a series of Reconstruction Acts. **Ex:** Any state that did not pass the 14th Amendment will be put under military rule. The act also said that all adult African American males and qualified white males could vote. Ex-Confederates were not allowed to vote or hold office. Southern states had to pass the 14th Amendment to be allowed back into the Union. Former Confederate leaders would be punished harshly.

VII. Under the Reconstruction Acts, new state governments are formed. Republicans control them. This was made up of whites and African Americans. Republican governments passed laws against **segregation** (Separation by race).

VI. The Radical Republicans are tired of Johnson going against them as well as not helping African Americans. **The Radical Republicans impeach President Johnson**. (Violation of the Tenure of Office Act: No president can fire a cabinet member without the approval of congress. In this case: without the Radical Republicans approval.) **Impeach:** Accuse a high public official of a crime. He was found not guilty by one vote.

VIII. **15th Amendment** is passed. (See book) 1869. Congress also passed a law against the KKK.

IX. **Reconstruction Ends:** 1868: Ulysses S. Grant becomes president. By the early 1870's, all southern states had rejoined the Union. Radical Republicans had lost power. 1876 Presidential election: Rutherford B. Hayes vs. Samuel Tilden. The election was so close that congress chose the winner. Hayes promised to remove the troops from the south, so he was chosen as the winner. When the troops left, Reconstruction ended.

X. Southern Democrats control the state governments. They began taking away rights from African Americans: **Poll Taxes, Jim Crow Laws, Grandfather Clause**, and much more. African Americans live in fear. Many African Americans were **lynched** or hanged for crimes they did not commit. Life was terrible for them.