

<i>North</i>	<i>South</i>
1. Strong Central Government; President Lincoln.	1. Strong Military Leaders, such as Robert E. Lee and Stonewall Jackson
2. Large Population; more soldiers to fight the war.	2. Experience with horses and weapons. Most Southerners were farmers and hunters.
3. Money to pay for the war.	3. Strong beliefs about fighting to protect land.
4. Factories and workers to build weapons.	4. To win, Southerners only needed to hold onto their land. The North needs to invade the South to win.
5. Railroads to carry supplies.	

Major events during the Civil War

1. **July 21, 1865:** The Battle of Bull Run. This was the first battle between the North and South. (South wins.)
2. **March 9, 1862:** The Union ship Monitor fights the Confederate ship Merrimack. (First ironclad battle between two ships.) This would be the beginning of the end for wooden battle ships.
3. **April 6, 1862:** Ulysses S. Grant wins at Shiloh, Tennessee.
4. **September 17, 1862:** The battle of Antietam, Maryland. Bloodiest single day of war to this point. Dead and wounded top 10,000.
5. **December 13, 1862:** Robert E. Lee wins at Fredericksburg, Virginia. The Union lost 12,000 compared to the Confederates who lost 5,000 men.
6. **January 1, 1863:** Abraham Lincoln's Emancipation Proclamation takes effect. (All slaves in the Confederate States of America only are forever free.) (This was impossible to enforce.)
7. **May 1-4, 1863:** Confederates win at Chancellorsville, but Stonewall Jackson is accidentally shot by one of his own men. He would die of pneumonia a week later.
8. **July 1-3, 1863:** Union would win at Gettysburg Pennsylvania. This would be the turning point of the war for the Union. July 3rd: Pickett's Charge. The Confederates would lose 1/3 of their army. Combined losses total 51,000 men.
9. **July 4, 1863:** General Grant wins at Vicksburg, Mississippi. The Union would gain control of the Mississippi and split the Confederacy in half.
10. **March 10, 1864:** Ulysses S. Grant is named commander of the Union Armies.
11. **September 2, 1864:** General William T. Sherman occupies Atlanta, Georgia, and sets much of the city on fire.
12. **November 8, 1864:** Lincoln is re-elected at President of the United States.
13. **November 5, 1864:** General Sherman begins his march to the sea. (Uses Total War)
14. **April 3, 1865:** Union captures Richmond, Virginia. (The Confederate Capital)
15. **April 9, 1865:** General Robert E. Lee surrenders to Ulysses S. Grant at the village of Appomattox Court House, Virginia.
16. **April 14, 1865:** John Wilkes Booth assassinates President Abraham Lincoln. Andrew Johnson becomes president of the United States.